

Specification for Virology (B) course 2025/2026

1-Basic information

1.	Course title		Virology (B)						
2.	Course code	VIR.322							
•	Department offering the			Vi	rology	7			
3.	course								
4.	Number of hours	Theoretical	2	Practical	1(2)	Other	0	Total	3(4)
5	Course Type			Obligator	y	Elect	ive		
6	Level			3 ^{rc}	^l year				
7	Semester			Spring	l seme	ester			
8.	Academic program	Bach	eloı	r of Veteri	nary N	Medicin	e (E	BVM)	
9.	University			Benha	Unive	rsity			
10.	Faculty			Veterina	ry me	dicine			
	Name of course	Prof. Dr. Ayman S. El-Habaa							
11.	coordinator								
10	Course Specification		F	aculty cou	ncil/ 2	7-8-20	25		
12.	Approval Date								
	Course Specification	Department council on 8/7/2025							
	Approval (Attach the								
13	decision/minutes of the								
	department								
	/committee/council)								

2-Course overview

• Course contents written in the program bylaw:

Viral groups including the families and the selected viruses of significant importance to animals (cattle, buffalo, sheep, goats, equines, poultry, rabbits, fish, pet and wild animals) and their public health significance among human population covering taxonomy, antigenicity, epidemiology, diagnosis and control.



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' 3_	('Allrea	Learning	Outcomes	''11.()c''
J-	Course.	LCai IIIII2	Outcomes	

		ng Outcomes "ILOS (S) outcomes	Course outcomes		
	Code	,	Cod	Text	
	Coue	Text		Text	
Knowledge and understanding	2.7	Various causes of animal diseases, their pathogenesis, macro- and	al	Classify viruses based on epidemiological and physicochemical criteria.	
anderstanding		micro-scopic pathological lesions, and laboratory diagnosis	a2	List viral families of medical veterinary importance belong to Riboviruses & Deoxyriboviruses	
		, c	a3	Realize the basic of viral families classification & tell the viruses included in genera within the families know.	
			a4	Define and illustrate diagrams for different viruses of veterinary importance.	
			a.5	Mention the type of host affected by different members of viral families belong to either Riboviruses or Deoxyriboviruses.	
			a.6	Describe the physico-chemical, biological and antigenic properties for different viral members related to Riboviruses & Deoxyriboviruses families.	
			a.7	Mention the serological and non- serological methods used for identification of suspected viral samples.	
	2.9	General and specific epidemiological pattern of animal population diseases and the most	a.8	Trace the strategies to protect and combat each viral infection by vaccines.	
		effective immunization protocols.	a.9	Explain the basic of Lab. Diagnosis for each member of viruses having veterinary importance.	
	2.12	The accurate measurements of	a.10	Describe the method used in molecular virology for viral detection and identification.	
		veterinary quarantine.	a.11	- Describe the aim and methods for viral purification	
Intellectual skills	4.4	Proficiently secure diagnostic reasoning,	b1	Plan and apply classification for different viruses.	
		develop problem lists and differential diagnosis	b2	Distinguish the natural & susceptible host affected by	



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		in order to deductively		different viruses.
		and critically reach the	b3	- Evaluate the general properties of
		most appropriate		viruses families & their members.
		solution (s) and	b4	- Create a diagram for viruses
		management of the		structures & schemes for viruses
		addressed clinical		classification.
		problems		
	4.3	Inculcate a rigorous	b.5	- Differentiate between biological
		approach to problem		properties of different viruses.
		identification and	b.6	- Choose the test method for virus
		solving.		control.
			b.7	- Develop Lab. diagnosis for each
				viral infection.
			b.8	- Link between the antigenic
				properties, viruses types and their
				control.
			b.9	- Diagnosis and give prognosis for
				different viral infections.
			b.10	- Compare between viruses
				belonging to same family or related
				to each other.
			b.11	- Choose suitable techniques for
				viral identification.
			b.12	- Interpret the results of different
			0.12	techniques used for viral
				identification
Practical	3.4	Perform clinical	c1	
Practical skills	3.4	Perform clinical	c1	- Apply aseptic conditions during
Practical skills	3.4	examination of	c1	
	3.4	examination of diseased cases and	c1	- Apply aseptic conditions during
	3.4	examination of diseased cases and collect relevant		- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification.
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples.	c2	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody.
	3.4	examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples.		 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant	c2	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select	c2	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical	c2	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory	c2	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures	c2 c3	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline.
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the	c2	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient	c2 c3	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and	c2 c3	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances &
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental	c2 c3	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get
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		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental	c2 c3	 Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances &
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media.
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media. Prepare washed R.B.Cs with certain
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media. Prepare washed R.B.Cs with certain concentration for
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media. Prepare washed R.B.Cs with certain concentration for Haemagglutination and
	3.5	examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental approach	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media. Prepare washed R.B.Cs with certain concentration for Haemagglutination and Haemagglutination inhibition tests.
		examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental approach Minimize the risk of	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media. Prepare washed R.B.Cs with certain concentration for Haemagglutination and Haemagglutination inhibition tests.
	3.5	examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental approach Minimize the risk of contamination, cross	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media. Prepare washed R.B.Cs with certain concentration for Haemagglutination and Haemagglutination inhibition tests. - Prepare of different hyper immune sera using known
	3.5	examination of diseased cases and collect relevant samples. Appropriately select and interpret findings of the common clinical and laboratory diagnostic procedures to reach and adopt the most convenient therapeutic and manage mental approach Minimize the risk of	c2 c3	- Apply aseptic conditions during techniques of virus identification. Prepare and make serial dilutions from either antigen or antibody. - Prepare several working solutions like physiological & phosphate buffer saline. Prepare purified serum preserve and treat the collected sera to get rid of inhibitory substances & media. Prepare washed R.B.Cs with certain concentration for Haemagglutination and Haemagglutination inhibition tests.



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		diseases	c.7	- Prepare the agrose to be used in
			0	AGPT and gel electrophoresis.
			c.8	Perform Haemagglutination,
				Haemagglutination inhibition,
				Haemadsorption and
				Haemadsorption test and interpret
				the results.
			c.9	Perform infectivity titeration and
				plaque count formation test for
				1measurement of viruses
				infectivity.
			c.10	Perform neutralization test using
				tissue culture & low fertile egg and
				discuss the results.
			c.11	Perform both single radial &
				double immunodiffusion test &
				interpret the result.
			c.12	- fluorescent antibody technique
				for detect in of viral Ag in
				sequential tracing of viral protein
				Ag at different internal times.
			c.13	- Perform different types of for
				detection of either viral Age its Ags
				ELISA techniques with its
				modification.
			c.14	Make nucleic acid extraction &
				identification
General skills	5.1	Work under pressure	dl	Work under pressure during
		and / or contradictory		virology lab cession
		conditions.		
	5.5	Search for new	d2	Search for new information in
	5.5		uz	
		information and		field of virology
		technology as well as		
		adopt life-long self-		
		learning ethics.		
	5.6	Utilize computer and	d3	Utilize computer and internet
		internet skills.		skills, read paper via internet in
				field of virology
				nois of virology

4- Teaching and learning methods						
Lectures	√	Discussion & seminar	\checkmark	Practical	$\sqrt{}$	
Presentation & movies	V	Problem solving	√	Brain storming	V	
Others						



Course Schedule:

	Scientific	Total Week ly Hours	Expected number of the Learning Hours				
Numb er of the Week	content of the course (Course Topics)		Theoretical teaching (lectures/discus sion groups/)	Training (Practical/Clini cal/)	Self- learning (Tasks/ Assignmen ts/ Projects/)	Other (to be determine d)	
W1	Classification of viruses Purification and concentration of viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		0	
W2	Classification of viruses Purification and concentration of viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		0	
W3	Riboviruses (RNA- viruses)1 Purification and concentratio n of viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)	Formative quiz	0	
W4	Riboviruses (RNA- viruses)2 Non serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		0	
W5	Riboviruses (RNA- viruses)3 Non serological	3	2	1(2)		0	



	techniques					WHA UNIVERSIT
	for viruses					
W6	Riboviruses (RNA- viruses)4				Formative quiz	0
	Non serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		
W7	Semester work (one hour exam)	-	-	-		-
W8	Riboviruses (RNA- viruses)5			1(0)		0
	Non serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		
W9	Deoxyriboviru ses (DNA- viruses)1					0
	Serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		
W10	Deoxyriboviru ses (DNA- viruses)2				Formative quiz	0
	Serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		
W11	Deoxyriboviru ses (DNA- viruses)3			1(2)		0
	Serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2			
W12	Deoxyriboviru ses (DNA- viruses)4			1(2)		0
	Serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2			



W13	Deoxyriboviru ses (DNA- viruses)5 Serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)		0
W14	Deoxyriboviru ses (DNA- viruses)6 Serological techniques for viruses	3(4)	2	1(2)	Formative quiz	0
W15	Practical exam	-	-	-		-

5- Assessment timing and grading:

- a- Assessment methods (summative and formative)
- 1. **Formative assessment**: including (weekly quizzes, homework assignments and surveys).
- 2. **Summative assessment** including (quizzes, class activities, semester work, practical exam, oral exams and final written exams).

b- Assessment schedule and weight

Assessment method	Assessment Timing (Week Number)	Marks/ Scores	Percent Percentage of total course Marks
Semester work including one hour exam	7 th week	10	10%
Formative assessment	Throughout the semester		
Practical exam	15 th week	30	30%
oral exam	End of semester	10	10%
Written exam	End of semester	50	50%
Assignments / Project /Portfolio/ Logbook	3 rd , 6 th , 10 th ,14 th week		
Field training			
Other (Mention)			
Total		100	100%



6- Learning resources and supportive facilities:

		C4-day4 handhaala
	Main reference	Student handbook:
		Edit by Staff members
		•Alan J. Cann (2016)
		Principles of Molecular
		Virology.
Learning	Essential books	110108)
resources	(text books)	•Jane Flint (2015) Principles of Virology
		•John Carter (2007) Virology Principles And Applications
		•Dilip K. Sarma (2006) a text book of veterinary virology and viral diseases
	Recommended books	•Alan J. Cann (2016) Principles of Molecular Virology.
		•Jane Flint (2015) Principles of Virology
		•Dilip K. Sarma (2006) a text book of veterinary virology and viral diseases
		•J. Versteeg (1985) A colour atlas of virology.
		•Veterinary bulletin.
		•www.wsvma.org
	Periodicals, Web sites, etc	•www.ekb.eg
	Learning	Thingi
	platform	
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		entra university
		<u>Devices</u>
		□inverted Microscope
Supportive	Devices &	□laminar air flow
facilities	instruments	□ deep freezer and refrigerator
		□water bath
		□egg Incubator and Co2 incubator
		□hot air oven
		□autoclave
		□microfuge
		☐PCR thermal cycler
		☐ gel electrophoresis
		instruments
		☐tubes and epindorff
		□ automatic and mouth Pipette
		□Cylinder
		□beaker
		☐HA plates
		□agrose
		□ neutralization plates
		□nucleic acid Extraction kits
		1. Teaching hall
		2. Virology laboratory.
		3. Routine chemical kits
		for tissue culture.
		4. Molecular virology unit
		5. Serological unit
		6. Central laboratory



Matrices:

A- Content and ILOs matrix:

A- Content and ILOS matrix.							
Topic	A)	B) Intellectual	C)	D)			
	Knowledge and	skills	Professional and	General and			
	understanding		practical skills	transferable			
	_		_	skills			
Classification of	a1	b1		d1, d2, d3			
viruses	aı	01					
Riboviruses (RNA-	022456	b2 2 4 5 6 7 9		d1, d2, d3			
viruses)	a2,3,4,5,6	b2,3,4,5,6,7,8					
Deoxyriboviruses	022456	b2 2 4 5 6 7 9		d1, d2, d3			
(DNA-viruses)	a2,3,4,5,6	b2,3,4,5,6,7,8					
Purification and				d1, d2, d3			
concentration of	a6,8	b9,10	c1,2,3,4				
viruses							
Non serological				d1, d2, d3			
techniques for	a7,9	b9,10,11,12	c5,9,14				
viruses							
Serological				d1, d2, d3			
techniques for	a7,8,9	b9,10,11,12	c6,7,8,10,11,12,13				
viruses							
Molecular				d1, d2, d3			
techniques for	a10, a11	b9,10,11,12	c1,2,3,14				
viruses							

B- Teaching and learning methods and ILOs matrix:

ILOs		Teaching and Learning methods							
		L	P&M	D&S	P	Ps	Bs	Gt	
50	a1	√	$\sqrt{}$	V			√		
ndin	a2	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
rstaı	a3	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
Knowledge and understanding	a4	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
n pı	a5	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
e ar	a6	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
edg	a7	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
owl	a8	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
Kn	a9	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
	a10	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
	a11	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
Intellectual skills	b1	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
	b2	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
	b3	√	$\sqrt{}$	V			$\sqrt{}$		
	b4	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		
	b5	√	$\sqrt{}$	V			$\sqrt{}$		
Ir	b6			V			$\sqrt{}$		



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	b7		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		V		
	b8		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			V	
	ь9		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			V	
	b10		V	V		√	V	
	b11		V	$\sqrt{}$		V	V	
	b12	V	V	V		√	V	
	c1		V	V		√		√
ø	c2		V	$\sqrt{}$	V	√		
k:II	c3		V	$\sqrt{}$		V		
Professional and practical skills	c4		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	V	√		
tica	,c5		V	$\sqrt{}$	V	√		
rac	,c6		V	$\sqrt{}$		V		
d b	,c7		V	$\sqrt{}$		V		
an	,c8		V	$\sqrt{}$		V		
na]	,c9		V	$\sqrt{}$		V		
ssic	,c10		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	V	√		
Jes	,c11		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		√		
Pro	,c12		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		√		$\sqrt{}$
	,c13		V	V	V	V		V
	,c14		V	V	V	V		V
era. Is	d1		V	V	V	V		V
Genera	d2		V	V			V	
[5 °	d3			V			V	$\sqrt{}$
	•					•		

L: Lecture, P&M: Presentations & Movies, D&S: Discussions & Seminars P: Practical Ps: Problem solving, Bs: Brain storming

C- Assessment methods and ILOs matrix:

C- Assi	CSSIIICII	i inclinus and	ILOS Matri	Λ.					
		assessment method							
ILOs		Formative assessment	semester	Oral	practical	Written			
స్టా	al	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$			
ndin.	a2	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$			
rstaı	a3	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√					
ndeı	a4	V	$\sqrt{}$	√		V			
ın pı	a5	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$			
e ar	a6	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√					
Knowledge and understanding	a7	V		√		V			
	a8	V		√		V			
	a9	V		√		V			
	a10	V		√		V			
	a11	V		1		V			
Intellectua skills	b1		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$			
	b2		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$			
	b3		$\sqrt{}$	√		$\sqrt{}$			
Ir	b4			√		V			



						HA UNIVERS
	b5		V	V		V
	b6		V	$\sqrt{}$		V
	b7					
	b8			$\sqrt{}$		V
	b9			$\sqrt{}$		V
	b10					V
	b11			V		V
	b12				$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
	c1			V	V	
ι ν	c2			V	V	
kill.	c3			V	V	
ls 11	c4			V	V	
tica	,c5			V	V	
rac	,c6			V	V	
фр	,c7			V	V	
an	,c8			V	V	
nal	,c9			V	V	
sio	,c10			V	V	
eses	,c11			V	V	
Professional and practical skills	,c12			V	V	
, ,	,c13			V	√ V	
	,c14			V	√ √	
General	d1			V		
	d2			V		V
5 °	d3			1		<u> </u>
	ı	l				

-Course coordinator: Prof. Dr. Ayman S. El-Habaa -Head of department Prof. Dr. Ehab M.El-Nahas

-Program coordinator: Prof. Dr. Mahmoud Abouelroos